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#### 1.3 Product Information

## 1.3.1 Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC)

### 1. Name of the medicinal product:

Cefuroxime Axetil for oral Suspension USP 125 mg/5 ml

# 2. Qualitative and Quantitative composition:

### **Composition:**

Each 5 ml of reconstituted suspension contains:

Cefuroxime Axetil USP

Equivalent to Cefuroxime...... 125 mg

Excipients......Q.S.

Colour:- Sunset yellow

#### 3. Pharmaceutical Form:

Powder for oral suspension.

### 4. Pharmacological Particulars:

## 4.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

**Pharmacotherapeutic group:** antibacterials for systemic use, second-generation cephalosporins

ATC code: J01DC02

## Mechanism of action

Cefuroxime axetil undergoes hydrolysis by esterase enzymes to the active antibiotic, cefuroxime.

Cefuroxime inhibits bacterial cell wall synthesis following attachment to penicillin binding proteins (PBPs). This results in the interruption of cell wall (peptidoglycan) biosynthesis, which leads to bacterial cell lysis and death.

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## 4.2 Pharmacokinetic properties

### **Absorption**

After oral administration cefuroxime axetil is absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract and rapidly hydrolysed in the intestinal mucosa and blood to release cefuroxime into the circulation. Optimum absorption occurs when it is administered shortly after a meal.

Following administration of cefuroxime axetil tablets peak serum levels (2.1 mcg/ml for a 125 mg dose, 4.1 mcg/ml for a 250 mg dose, 7.0 mcg/ml for a 500 mg dose and 13.6 mcg/ml for a 1000 mg dose) occur approximately 2 to 3 hours after dosing when taken with food. The rate of absorption of cefuroxime from the suspension is reduced compared with the tablets, leading to later, lower peak serum levels and reduced systemic bioavailability (4 to 17% less). Cefuroxime axetil oral suspension was not bioequivalent to cefuroxime axetil tablets when tested in healthy adults and therefore is not substitutable on a milligram-per-milligram basis. The pharmacokinetics of cefuroxime is linear over the oral dosage range of 125 to 1000 mg. No accumulation of cefuroxime occurred following repeat oral doses of 250 to 500 mg.

#### Distribution

Protein binding has been stated as 33 to 50% depending on the methodology used. Following a single dose of cefuroxime axetil 500 mg tablet to 12 healthy volunteers, the apparent volume of distribution was 50 L (CV%=28%). Concentrations of cefuroxime in excess of the minimum inhibitory levels for common pathogens can be achieved in the tonsilla, sinus tissues, bronchial mucosa, bone, pleural fluid, joint fluid, synovial fluid, interstitial fluid, bile, sputum and aqueous humor. Cefuroxime passes the blood-brain barrier when the meninges are inflamed.

#### **Biotransformation**

Cefuroxime is not metabolised.

#### Elimination

The serum half-life is between 1 and 1.5 hours. Cefuroxime is excreted by glomerular filtration and tubular secretion. The renal clearance is in the region of 125 to 148 ml/min/1.73 m2.

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### 5. Clinical Particulars:

## **5.1 Therapeutic Indications:**

Cefuroxime Axetil suspension is indicated for the treatment of the infections listed below in adults and children from the age of 3 months

- Acute streptococcal tonsillitis and pharyngitis.
- Acute bacterial sinusitis.
- Acute otitis media.
- Acute exacerbations of chronic bronchitis.
- Cystitis.
- Pyelonephritis.
- Uncomplicated skin and soft tissue infections.
- Treatment of early Lyme disease.

Consideration should be given to official guidance on the appropriate use of antibacterial agents

## 5.2 Posology and method of administration:

## **Posology**

The usual course of therapy is seven days (may range from five to ten days).

# Adults and children (≥40 kg)

Indication	Dosage
Acute tonsillitis and pharyngitis, acute bacterial	250 mg twice daily
sinusitis	
Acute otitis media	500 mg twice daily
Acute exacerbations of chronic bronchitis	500 mg twice daily
Cystitis	250 mg twice daily
Pyelonephritis	250 mg twice daily
Uncomplicated skin and soft tissue infections	250 mg twice daily
Lyme disease	500 mg twice daily for 14 days (range
	of 10 to 21 days)

## Children (<40 kg)

Indication	Dosage
Acute tonsillitis and pharyngitis, acute bacterial sinusitis	10 mg/kg twice daily to a maximum of 125 mg twice daily
Children aged two years or older with otitis media or, where appropriate, with more severe infections	
Cystitis	15 mg/kg twice daily to a maximum of 250 mg twice daily
Pyelonephritis	15 mg/kg twice daily to a maximum of 250 mg twice daily for 10 to 14 days

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Uncomplicated skin and soft tissue infections	15 mg/kg twice daily to a maximum of 250 mg twice daily
1 -	15 mg/kg twice daily to a maximum of 250 mg twice daily for 14 days (10 to 21 days)

#### **Method of administration**

Oral use

For optimal absorption cefuroxime axetil suspension should be taken with food.

For instructions on reconstitution of the medicinal product before administration.

Depending on the dosage, there are other presentations available.

#### **5.3 Contraindications:**

Patients with known hypersensitivity to cephalosporin antibiotics.

History of severe hypersensitivity (e.g. anaphylactic reaction) to any other type of betalactam antibacterial agent (penicillins, monobactams and carbapenems).

### 5.4 Special warning and precaution for use:

#### Hypersensitivity reactions

Special care is indicated in patients who have experienced an allergic reaction to penicillins or other beta-lactam antibiotics because there is a risk of cross-sensitivity. As with all beta-lactam antibacterial agents, serious and occasionally fatal hypersensitivity reactions have been reported. In case of severe hypersensitivity reactions, treatment with cefuroxime must be discontinued immediately and adequate emergency measures must be initiated.

Before beginning treatment, it should be established whether the patient has a history of severe hypersensitivity reactions to cefuroxime, to other cephalosporins or to any other type of beta-lactam agent. Caution should be used if cefuroxime is given to patients with a history of non-severe hypersensitivity to other beta-lactam agents.

## Jarisch-Herxheimer reaction

The Jarisch-Herxheimer reaction has been seen following cefuroxime axetil treatment of Lyme disease. It results directly from the bactericidal activity of cefuroxime axetil on the causative bacteria of Lyme disease, the spirochaete Borrelia burgdorferi. Patients should be reassured that this is a common and usually self-limiting consequence of antibiotic treatment of Lyme disease.

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## Overgrowth of non-susceptible microorganisms

As with other antibiotics, use of cefuroxime axetil may result in the overgrowth of Candida. Prolonged use may also result in the overgrowth of other non-susceptible microorganisms (e.g. enterococci and Clostridium difficile), which may require interruption of treatment.

Antibacterial agent—associated pseudomembranous colitis have been reported with nearly all antibacterial agents, including cefuroxime and may range in severity from mild to life threatening. This diagnosis should be considered in patients with diarrhoea during or subsequent to the administration of cefuroxime. Discontinuation of therapy with cefuroxime and the administration of specific treatment for Clostridium difficile should be considered. Medicinal products that inhibit peristalsis should not be given.

## Interference with diagnostic tests

The development of a positive Coomb's Test associated with the use of cefuroxime may interfere with cross matching of blood. As a false negative result may occur in the ferricyanide test, it is recommended that either the glucose oxidase or hexokinase methods are used to determine blood/plasma glucose levels in patients receiving cefuroxime axetil.

### 5.5 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction:

Drugs which reduce gastric acidity may result in a lower bioavailability of cefuroxime axetil compared with that of the fasting state and tend to cancel the effect of enhanced absorption after food.

Cefuroxime axetil may affect the gut flora, leading to lower oestrogen reabsorption and reduced efficacy of combined oral contraceptives.

Cefuroxime is excreted by glomerular filtration and tubular secretion. Concomitant use of probenicid is not recommended. Concurrent administration of probenecid significantly increases the peak concentration, area under the serum concentration time curve and elimination half-life of cefuroxime.

Concomitant use with oral anticoagulants may give rise to increased INR.

### 5.6 Pregnancy and Lactation:

### **Pregnancy**

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There are limited data from the use of cefuroxime in pregnant women. Studies in animals have shown no harmful effects on pregnancy, embryonal or foetal development, parturition or postnatal development. Cefuroxime axetil should be prescribed to pregnant women only if the benefit outweighs the risk.

## **Breastfeeding**

Cefuroxime is excreted in human milk in small quantities. Adverse effects at therapeutic doses are not expected, although a risk of diarrhoea and fungus infection of the mucous membranes cannot be excluded. Breastfeeding might have to be discontinued due to these effects. The possibility of sensitisation should be taken into account. Cefuroxime should only be used during breastfeeding after benefit/risk assessment by the physician in charge.

## **Fertility**

There are no data on the effects of cefuroxime axetil on fertility in humans. Reproductive studies in animals have shown no effects on fertility.

## 5.7 Effects on the ability to drive and use machines:

No studies on the effects on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed. However, as this medicine may cause dizziness, patients should be warned to be cautious when driving or operating machinery.

### 5.8 Undesirable effects:

The most common adverse reactions are Candida overgrowth, eosinophilia, headache, dizziness, gastrointestinal disturbances and transient rise in liver enzymes.

The frequency categories assigned to the adverse reactions below are estimates, as for most reactions suitable data (for example from placebo-controlled studies) for calculating incidence were not available. In addition the incidence of adverse reactions associated with cefuroxime axetil may vary according to the indication.

Data from large clinical studies were used to determine the frequency of very common to rare undesirable effects. The frequencies assigned to all other undesirable effects (i.e. those occurring at <1/10,000) were mainly determined using post-marketing data and refer to a reporting rate rather than true frequency. Placebo-controlled trial data were not available. Where incidences have been calculated from clinical trial data, these were

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based on drug-related (investigator assessed) data. Within each frequency grouping, undesirable effects are presented in order of decreasing seriousness.

System organ class	Common	Uncommon	Not known
Infections and infestations	Candida overgrowth		Clostridium difficile overgrowth
Blood and lymphatic system disorders	eosinophilia	positive Coomb's test,thrombocytopenia, leukopenia (sometimes profound)	haemolytic anaemia
Immune system disorders			drug fever, serum sickness, anaphylaxis, Jarisch- Herxheimer reaction
Nervous system disorders	headache, dizziness		
Gastrointestinal disorders	diarrhoea, nausea, abdominal pain	vomiting	pseudomembranous colitis (see section 4.4)
Hepatobiliary disorders	transient increases of hepatic enzyme levels		jaundice (predominantly cholestatic), hepatitis
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders		skin rashes	urticaria, pruritus, erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson syndrome, toxic epidermal necrolysis (exanthematic necrolysis) (see Immune system disorders), angioneurotic oedema

Description of selected adverse reactions

Cephalosporins as a class tend to be absorbed onto the surface of red cells membranes and react with antibodies directed against the drug to produce a positive Coombs' test (which can interfere with cross-matching of blood) and very rarely haemolytic anaemia.

Transient rises in serum liver enzymes have been observed which are usually reversible.

## 5.9 Overdose:

Overdose can lead to neurological sequelae including encephalopathy, convulsions and coma. Symptoms of overdose can occur if the dose is not reduced appropriately in patients with renal impairment.

## 5.10 Pre-clinical Safety:

Not Applicable

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### 6. Pharmaceutical Particulars:

# **6.1 List of Excipients:**

- ➤ Eudragit L 100 IHS
- > Sucrose BP
- > Aspartame BP
- ➤ Sodium carboxy methyl Cellulose USP
- ➤ Sodium Benzoate BP
- ➤ Colloidal Silicon Dioxide USP
- ➤ Sodium Citrate BP
- Citric Acid Anhydrous BP
- > Flavour orange powder IHS
- ➤ Menthol BP
- ➤ Colour Sunset yellow FCF IHS
- > Isopropyl alcohol BP
- > Acetone BP
- > Sorbic acid BP
- > Xanthan gum BP
- Microcrystalline cellulose BP

# **6.2 Incompatibilities:** None

**6.3 Shelf Life:** 24 months.

# **6.4 Special Precautions for storage:**

Store below 30°C. Protect from light and moisture..

## 6.5 Nature and contents of container:

100 ml HDPE bottle with 70 ml marking packed in Carton along with Pack Insert.

## 6.6 Special precautions for disposal and other handling

None

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# 7. Marketing Authorization Holder:

Ratnamani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd. Survey no. 750/1, Ahmedabad-Mehsana Highway, Village-Indrad, Nr. Chhatral G.I.D.C. Taluka-Kadi, Dist-Mehsana, Pin-382721 (NG)

8. Marketing Authorization Number:

NA

9. Date of first Authorization /renewal of the authorization:

NA

10. Date of revision of text:

NA