BRAND NAME: BIORAGYL TABLETS | Metronidazole BP......200mg

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Bioragyl Tablets

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each tablet contains 200 mg metronidazole.

3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Oral Tablets

4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1 Therapeutic indications

Bioragyl Tablets is indicated in the prophylaxis and treatment of infections in which anaerobic bacteria have been identified or are suspected to be the cause.

Bioragyl Tablets is active against a wide range of pathogenic micro-organisms notably species of *Bacteroides*, *Fusobacteria*, *Clostridia*, *Eubacteria*, anaerobic cocci and *Gardnerella vaginalis*. It is also active against *Trichomonas*, *Entamoeba histolytica*, *Giardia lamblia* and *Balantidium coli*.

Bioragyl Tablets is indicated in adults and children for the following indications:

- The prevention of post-operative infections due to anaerobic bacteria, particularly species of *Bacteroides* and anaerobic streptococci
- The treatment of septicaemia, bacteraemia, peritonitis, brain abscess, necrotising pneumonia, osteomyelitis, puerperal sepsis, pelvic abscess, pelvic cellulitis, and post-operative wound infections from which pathogenic anaerobes have been isolated
- Urogenital trichomoniasis in the female (*Trichomonal vaginitis*) and in the male
- Bacterial vaginosis (also known as non-specific vaginitis, anaerobic vaginosis or *Gardnerella vaginitis*)
- All forms of amoebiasis (intestinal and extra-intestinal disease and that of symptomless cyst passers)
- Giardiasis
- Acute ulcerative gingivitis
- Anaerobically-infected leg ulcers and pressure sores
- Acute dental infections (e.g. acute pericoronitis and acute apical infections)

BRAND NAME: BIORAGYL TABLETS | Metronidazole BP......200mg

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

Considerations should be given to official guidance on the appropriate use of antibacterial agents.

4.2 Posology and method of administration

Posology

1. Prophylaxis against anaerobic infection:

Chiefly in the context of abdominal (especially colorectal) and gynaecological surgery.

Adults: 200 mg 8 hourly over the 24 hours immediately preceding the operation followed by post-operative intravenous or rectal administration until the patient is able to take tablets.

Paediatric population

Children < 12 years: 20 - 30 mg/kg as a single dose given 1 - 2 hours before surgery. Newborns with a gestation age < 40 weeks: 10 mg/kg body weight as a single dose before operation.

2. Anaerobic infections:

The duration of a course of Bioragyl Tablets treatment is about 7 days but it will depend upon the seriousness of the patient's condition as assessed clinically and bacteriologically.

Treatment of established anaerobic infection:

Adults: 400 mg followed by 200 mg 8 hourly.

Paediatric population:

Children > 8 weeks to 12 years of age: The usual daily dose is 20 - 30 mg/kg/day as a single dose or divided into 7.5 mg/kg every 8 hours. The daily dose may be increased to 40 mg/kg, depending on the severity of the infection. Duration of treatment is usually 7 days.

Children < 8 weeks of age: 15 mg/kg as a single dose daily or divided into 7.5 mg/kg every 12 hours.

Newborns with a gestation age < 40 weeks: accumulation of metronidazole can occur during the first week of life, therefore the concentrations of metronidazole in serum should preferable be monitored after a few days therapy.

BRAND NAME: BIORAGYL TABLETS Metronidazole BP......200mg

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

3. **Protozoal and other infections:**

	Duration of	Adults and children over 10 years	Children			
	dosage in days		7 – 10 years	3 – 7 <i>years</i>	1-3 years	
Urogenital trichon course of treatment		re-infection is likely, in a	dults the consor	t should receive	a similar	
	7 Or 5 – 7	2000 mg as a single dose Or 200 mg three times daily or 400 mg twice daily	40 mg/kg orally as a single dose Or 15 – 30 mg/kg/day divided in 2 – 3 doses; not to exceed 2000 mg/kg dose			
Bacterial vaginosis	S					
	5 – 7 Or 1	400 mg twice daily Or 2000 mg as a single dose	N/A			
Amoebiasis						
(a) Invasive intestinal disease in susceptible subjects	5	800 mg three times daily	400 mg three times daily	200 mg four times daily	200 mg three times daily	
(b) Intestinal disease in less susceptible subjects and chronic amoebic hepatitis	5 – 10	400 mg three times daily	200 mg three times daily	100 mg four times daily	100 mg three times daily	
(c) Amoebic liver abscess also other forms of extra- intestinal amoebiasis	5					
(d) Symptomless cyst passers	5 – 10	400 – 800 mg three times daily	200 – 400 mg three times daily	100 – 200 mg four times daily	100 – 200 mg three times daily	
	Alternatively, doses may be expressed by body weight: 35 – 50 mg/kg daily in 3 divided doses for 5 – 10 days, not to exceed 2400 mg/day					

BIORAJ PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED						
BRAND NAME: BIORAGYL TABLETS	Metronidazole BP200mg					
SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS						

	3 Or 5 Or 7 – 10	2000mg once daily Or 400 mg three times daily Or 500 mg twice daily	1000 mg once daily	600 – 800 mg once daily	500 mg once daily			
	Alternatively, as expressed in mg per kg of body weight: $15 - 40$ mg/kg/day divided in $2 - 3$ doses.							
Acute ulcerative g	ingivitis							
	3	200 mg three times daily	100 mg three times daily	100 mg twice daily	50 mg three times daily			
Acute dental infec	tions							
	3 - 7	200 mg three times daily	N/A					
Leg ulcers and pre	essure sores							
	7	400 mg three times daily	N/A					
	1.							

4. Eradication of Helicobacter pylori in paediatric patients:

As a part of a combination therapy, 20 mg/kg/day not to exceed 300 mg twice daily for 7 - 14 days. Official guidelines should be consulted before initiating therapy.

Elderly: Bioragyl Tablets is well tolerated by the elderly but a pharmacokinetic study suggests cautious

Renal impairment:

use of high dosage regimens in this age group.

The elimination half-life of metronidazole remains unchanged in the presence of renal failure.

Therefore, the dosage of metronidazole needs no reduction. However, such patients retain the metabolites of metronidazole. The clinical significance of this is not known at present.

In patients undergoing haemodialysis metronidazole and metabolites are efficiently removed during an eight-hour period of dialysis. Therefore, metronidazole should be re-administered immediately after haemodialysis.

No routine adjustment in the dosage of Bioragyl Tablets need be made in patients with renal failure undergoing intermittent peritoneal dialysis (IDP) or continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis (CAPD).

BRAND NAME: BIORAGYL TABLETS | Metronidazole BP......200mg

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

Hepatic impairment:

Metronidazole is mainly metabolised by hepatic oxidation. Substantial impairment of metronidazole clearance may occur in the presence of advanced hepatic insufficiency. Significant accumulation may occur in patients with hepatic encephalopathy and the resulting high plasma concentrations of metronidazole may contribute to the symptoms of the encephalopathy. Therefore, Bioragyl Tablets should be administered with caution to patients with hepatic encephalopathy. The daily dosage should be reduced to one third and may be administered once daily.

Method of administration

Oral administration, Bioragyl Tablets tablets should be swallowed with water (not chewed). It is recommended that the tablets be taken during or after a meal.

4.3 Contraindications

• Known hypersensitivity to nitroimidazoles, metronidazole or any of the excipients listed in section 6.1.

4.4 Special warnings and precautions for use

There is a possibility that after *Trichomonas vaginalis* has been eliminated a gonococcal infection might persist.

Patients should be warned that metronidazole may darken urine. For information on renal and hepatic insufficiency.

Due to inadequate evidence on the mutagenicity risk in humans the use of Bioragyl Tablets for longer treatment than usually required should be carefully considered.

Neuropathy (central and peripheral)

Regular clinical and laboratory monitoring (especially leucocyte count) are advised if administration of Bioragyl Tablets for more than 10 days is considered to be necessary and patients should be monitored for adverse reactions, such as peripheral or central neuropathy (such as paraesthesia, ataxia, dizziness, vertigo, convulsive seizures).

Metronidazole should be used with caution in patients with active or chronic severe peripheral and central nervous system disease due to the risk of neurological aggravation.

BRAND NAME: BIORAGYL TABLETS | Metronidazole BP......200mg

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

Cockayne syndrome

Cases of severe hepatotoxicity/acute hepatic failure, including cases with a fatal outcome with very rapid onset after treatment initiation in patients with Cockayne syndrome have been reported with products containing metronidazole for systemic use. In this population, metronidazole should therefore be used after careful benefit-risk assessment and only if no alternative treatment is available. Liver function tests must be performed just prior to the start of therapy, throughout and after end of treatment until liver function is within normal ranges, or until the baseline values are reached. If the liver function tests become markedly elevated during treatment, the drug should be discontinued.

Patients with Cockayne syndrome should be advised to immediately report any symptoms of potential liver injury to their physician and stop taking metronidazole.

Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders

Cases of severe bullous skin reactions such as Stevens Johnson syndrome (SJS), toxic epidermal necrolysis (TEN) or acute generalised exanthematous pustulosis (AGEP) have been reported with metronidazole. If symptoms or signs of SJS, TEN or AGEP are present, Bioragyl Tablets treatment must be immediately discontinued.

4.5 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Patients should be advised not to take alcohol during metronidazole therapy and for at least 48 hours afterwards because of the possibility of a disulfiram-like (antabuse effect) reaction. Psychotic reactions have been reported in patients who were using metronidazole and disulfiram concurrently.

Some potentiation of anticoagulant therapy has been reported when metronidazole has been used with the warfarin type oral anticoagulants. Dosage of the latter may require reducing.

Prothrombin times should be monitored. There is no interaction with heparin.

Lithium retention accompanied by evidence of possible renal damage has been reported in patients treated simultaneously with lithium and metronidazole. Lithium treatment should be tapered or withdrawn before administering metronidazole. Plasma concentrations of lithium, creatinine and electrolytes should be monitored in patients under treatment with lithium while they receive metronidazole.

BRAND NAME: BIORAGYL TABLETS | Metronidazole BP......200mg

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

Patients receiving phenobarbital or phenytoin metabolise metronidazole at a much greater rate than normally, reducing the half-life to approximately 3 hours.

Metronidazole reduces the clearance of 5-fluorouracil and can therefore result in increased toxicity of 5-fluorouracil.

Patients receiving ciclosporin are at risk of elevated ciclosporin serum levels. Serum ciclosporin and serum creatinine should be closely monitored when coadministration is necessary.

Plasma levels of busulfan may be increased by metronidazole which may lead to severe busulfan toxicity.

4.6 Fertility, pregnancy and lactation

There is inadequate evidence of the safety of metronidazole in pregnancy, but it has been in wide use for many years without apparent ill consequence.

Nevertheless Bioragyl Tablets, like other medicines, should not be given during pregnancy or during lactation unless the physician considers it essential; in these circumstances the short, high-dosage regimens are not recommended.

4.7 Effects on ability to drive and use machines

Patients should be warned about the potential for drowsiness, dizziness, vertigo, confusion, hallucinations, convulsions or transient visual disorders, and advised not to drive or operate machinery if these symptoms occur.

4.8 Undesirable effects

The frequency of adverse events listed below is defined using the following convention: very common ($\geq 1/10$); common ($\geq 1/100$ to < 1/10); uncommon ($\geq 1/1,000$ to < 1/100); rare ($\geq 1/10,000$); very rare (< 1/10,000); not known (cannot be estimated from the available data).

Serious adverse reactions occur rarely with standard recommended regimens. Clinicians who contemplate continuous therapy for the relief of chronic conditions, for periods longer than those recommended, are advised to consider the possible therapeutic benefit against the risk of peripheral neuropathy.

BRAND NAME: BIORAGYL TABLETS | Metronidazole BP......200mg

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

Blood and lymphatic system disorders:

Very rare: agranulocytosis, neutropenia, thrombocytopenia, pancytopenia

Not known: leucopenia

Immune system disorders:

Rare: anaphylaxis

Not known: angioedema, urticaria, fever

Metabolism and nutrition disorders:

Not known: anorexia Psychiatric disorders:

Very rare: psychotic disorders, including confusion and hallucinations

Not known: depressed mood

Nervous system disorders:

Very rare:

- encephalopathy (e.g. confusion, fever, vertigo, headache, hallucinations, paralysis, light sensitivity, disturbances in sight and movement, stiff neck) and subacute cerebellar syndrome (e.g. ataxia, dysarthria, gait impairment, nystagmus and tremor) which may resolve on discontinuation of the drug
- drowsiness, dizziness, convulsions, headaches

Not known:

- during intensive and/or prolonged metronidazole therapy, peripheral sensory neuropathy or transient epileptiform seizures have been reported. In most cases neuropathy disappeared after treatment was stopped or when dosage was reduced.
- aseptic meningitis
- vertigo

Eye disorders:

Very rare: vision disorders such as diplopia and myopia, which in most cases is transient

Not known: optic neuropathy/neuritis

Ear and labyrinth disorders

Not known: hearing impaired/hearing loss (including sensorineural), tinnitus

BRAND NAME: BIORAGYL TABLETS | Metronidazole BP......200mg

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

Gastrointestinal disorders:

Not known: taste disorders, oral mucositis, furred tongue, nausea, vomiting, gastro-intestinal disturbances such as epigastric pain and diarrhoea

Hepatobiliary disorders:

Very rare:

- increase in liver enzymes (AST, ALT, alkaline phosphatase), cholestatic or mixed hepatitis and hepatocellular liver injury, jaundice and pancreatitis which is reversible on drug withdrawal
- cases of liver failure requiring liver transplant have been reported in patients treated with metronidazole in combination with other antibiotic drugs

Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders:

Very rare: skin rashes, pustular eruptions, acute generalised exanthematous pustulosis (AGEP), pruritis, flushing

Not known: erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson syndrome (SJS) or toxic epidermal necrolysis (TEN), fixed drug eruption

Musculoskeletal, connective tissue and bone disorders:

Very rare: myalgia, arthralgia

Renal and urinary disorders:

Very rare: darkening of urine (due to metronidazole metabolite)

4.9 Overdose

Single oral doses of metronidazole, up to 12 g have been reported in suicide attempts and accidental overdoses. Symptoms were limited to vomiting, ataxia and slight disorientation. There is no specific antidote for metronidazole overdosage. In cases of suspected massive overdose, symptomatic and supportive treatment should be instituted.

BRAND NAME: BIORAGYL TABLETS | Metronidazole BP......200mg

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Anti-bacterials for systemic use, ATC code: J01X D01

Metronidazole has antiprotozoal and antibacterial actions and is effective against *Trichomonas vaginalis* and other protozoa including *Entamoeba histolytica* and *Giardia lamblia* and against anaerobic bacteria.

5.2 Pharmacokinetic properties

Metronidazole is rapidly and almost completely absorbed on administration of Bioragyl Tablets tablets; peak plasma concentrations occur after 20 minutes to 3 hours.

The half-life of metronidazole is 8.5 ± 2.9 hours. Metronidazole can be used in chronic renal failure; it is rapidly removed from the plasma by dialysis. Metronidazole is excreted in milk but the intake of a suckling infant of a mother receiving normal dosage would be considerably less than the therapeutic dosage for infants.

5.3 Preclinical safety data

Metronidazole has been shown to be carcinogenic in the mouse and in the rat following chronic oral administration however similar studies in the hamster have given negative results.

Epidemiological studies have provided no clear evidence of an increased carcinogenic risk in humans.

Metronidazole has been shown to be mutagenic in bacteria *in vitro*. In studies conducted in mammalian cells *in vitro* as well as in rodent or humans *in vivo*, there was inadequate evidence of a mutagenic effect of metronidazole, with some studies reporting mutagenic effects, while other studies were negative.

BRAND NAME: BIORAGYL TABLETS Metronidazole BP......200mg

SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

6.1 List of excipients

Lactose monohydrate

Starch maize

Povidone

Magnesium stearate

Talcum

Tartrazine Yellow

Methyl Paraben

Propyl Paraben

6.2 Incompatibilities

Not applicable

6.3 Shelf life

3 years

6.4 Special precautions for storage

Store below 30°C in the original packaging in order to protect from light.

6.5 Nature and contents of container

Bioragyl Tablets are available in aluminium/plastic blisters of 10 x 10 tablets.

6.6 Special precautions for disposal and other handling

No special requirements

7. Marketing authorisation holder

No. 405 Kaiama Road, Ilorin

Kwara State.

Contact No.:08038099594

Email: biorajpharmaceuticalltd@gmail.com